

# DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

"HEW TO THE LINE, LET THE CHIPS FALL WHERE THEY MAY."

PER WEEK SIX CENTS.  
SINGLE NUMBER ONE CENT.

MAYSVILLE, THURSDAY EVENING, JANUARY 19, 1882.

Vol. 1. No. 50.

## BLUEGRASS ROUTE.

### Kentucky Central R. R.

THE MOST DESIRABLE ROUTE TO

### CINCINNATI.

ONLY LINE RUNNING

### FREE PARLOR CARS.

BETWEEN

### LEXINGTON AND CINCINNATI

Time table in effect March 31, 1881.

Leave Lexington	7:30 a. m.	2:15 p. m.
Leave Maysville	5:45 a. m.	12:30 p. m.
Leave Paris	8:30 a. m.	3:45 p. m.
Leave Cynthiana	8:35 a. m.	3:40 p. m.
Leave Flemington	10:00 a. m.	4:40 p. m.
Arr. Cincinnati	11:45 a. m.	6:30 p. m.
Leave Lexington	4:35 p. m.	
Arrive Maysville	8:15 p. m.	
Free Parlor Car leave Lexington at	2:15 p. m.	
Free Parlor Car leave Cincinnati at	2:30 p. m.	

Close connection made in Cincinnati for all points North, East and West. Special rates to ~~ex~~gramma. Ask the agent at the above named places for a time folder of "Blue Grass Route." Round trip tickets from Maysville and Lexington to Cincinnati sold at reduced rates.

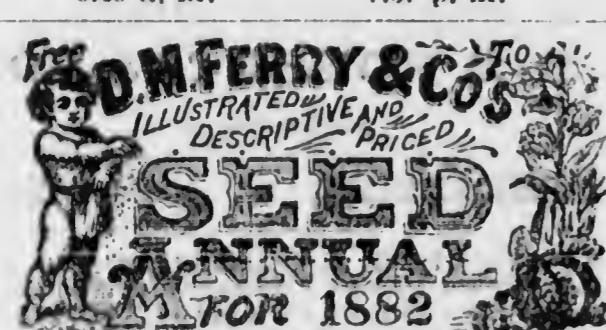
For rates on household goods and Western tickets address CHAS. H. HASLETT, Gen'l Emigration Agt., Covington, Ky. JAMES C. ERNST, Gen'l Pass. and Ticket Agt.

## TIME-TABLE

### Covington, Flemingsburg and Pound Gap RAILROAD.

Connecting with Trains on K. C. R. R.

Leave FLEMINGSBURG for Johnson Station:	
5:45 a. m. Cincinnati Express.	
9:13 a. m. Maysville Accommodation.	
3:25 p. m. Lexington.	
7:02 p. m. Maysville Express.	
Leave JOHNSON STATION for Flemingsburg on the arrival of Trains on the K. C. R. R.:	
6:28 a. m. 4:00 p. m.	
9:48 a. m. 7:37 p. m.	



Will be mailed gratis to all friends and to customers without ordering. It contains five colored plates, 600 engravings, about 600 pages, and full descriptions, prices and directions for planting 150 varieties of vegetables and Flower Seeds, Plants, Fruit Trees, etc., invaluable to all. Michigan grown seeds will be found more reliable for planting in the South than those grown in a warmer climate. We make a specialty of supplying Farmers, Trunkmen and Market Gardeners. Address,

D. M. FERRY & CO., Detroit, Mich.

## BUSINESS CHANGE.

HAVING sold to Mr. M. C. R. SSELL, a one-half interest in my stock of Groceries, Liquors, Seed, &c., the business will be carried on in the future in the name of

## RICHARDSON & CO.

I desire all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to me either by account or note to call and make payment at their earliest convenience. In my absence Mr. M. C. Russell will pay out on my account or receive any money due me.

D. A. RICHARDSON.

## A. SORRIES.

DRALER IN

## GUNS, PISTOLS, WALKING CANES, &c.

ALSO, REPAIRS Guns, Locks, Umbrellas, Parasols, Sewing Machines, &c., &c. Keys on hand and Made to Order. Stencil Cutting a Specialty. Second Street, bet. Market & Limestone Sts. MAYSVILLE, KY.

## THE DAILY BULLETIN.

Published every afternoon and delivered in this city, the suburbs and Aberdeen by our carriers, at **6 CENTS** a week.

It is welcomed in the households of men of both political parties, for the reason that it is more of a newspaper than a political journal.

Its wide circulation therefore makes it a valuable vehicle for business announcements, which we respectfully invite to our columns.

## Advertising Rates Low.

Liberal discount where advertisers use both the daily and weekly. For rates apply to

ROSSER & McCARTHY,

Publishers.

## JOB WORK

Of all kinds neatly, promptly and cheaply done at the office of the DAILY BULLETIN.

### The Long-Lost Brother.

James Cranston entered a store with hurried step and wild look and inquired for the proprietor.

"Do you want an overcoat made in Paris for only four dollars?" queried the latter as he hurried forward.

"Tis he!" muttered James as he steadied himself by hanging to the counter.

"Maybe you like to examine some undershirts for twenty-five cents?" continued the merchant.

"Henry, don't you know me?" called James.

"Or I can sell you der werry best socks in der market for only ten cents a pair. Shust look at 'em! Wanderbuilt and Shay Gond' buy shust such socks as dose."

"You are my brother!"

"I sell baber collars for four cents a box!"

"My long lost brother!" and he rushed for him and both fell against the hot stove.

\* \* \* \* \*

"Was he very drunk?" asked his Honor of the witness.

"He vhas, and he shoked me besides. But for my whifelie might have kilt me."

"It seems," continued the court as he turned to the prisoner, "that you have lost a brother?"

"Yes, sir."

"How long since?"

"He left home twenty years ago."

"Well, I think I know where he is. One day last week I sent a man, who looks just like you, to the Work House for sixty days."

"Yes, sir, but you—"

"And you can go up there and look for him. It is a great place for brothers to find each other."

"Your Honor, can't I—"

"Not to-day. Fall right back or you'll be too late for breakfast up there. Your sentence is the same—sixty days. All in the family, you see—call the next."

### How to Keep Warm.

The most sensible way of meeting a cold spell is to make the system a stove of itself, and this may be done by eating largely of highly carbonaceous food. In cold weather you ought to eat plenty of fat food—fat ham, pork and beans, bacon, fat beef, pork sausages—in fact, all manner of greasy aliment may be indulged in when the mercury has sunk into the basement of the thermometer. Food of this kind is slowly burned in the interior economy of the eater, but the animal heat evoked is greater than that produced by any other kind of animal food. Wear plenty of clothing, not necessarily in heavy outer wraps, which only keep off the wind, as in garments which cling closely to your skin and retain your animal heat—the heat you are making in your personal stove. Clothing by itself does not warm, but by its non-conducting power prevents animal heat from passing away from the body too rapidly, or the outside temperature from reaching the body. Then, as to sleeping arrangements. Lots of people fill the stoves in their chambers to red hotness, till the air is almost suffocating. This is a great mistake. The room should be no warmer than usual; but extra bed-covering should be used. He who goes to bed with an easy conscience, just enough food in his stomach to keep the gastric juice out of mischief, his room not warmer than 70 degrees, and enough clothes on him to keep the animal heat from passing off too rapidly, will sleep the sleep of the just whose notes are provided for.—*Exchange.*

PLINY affirms that cows have so acute a sense of approaching corruption that they scent death three days before dissolution.

### Sinccures at Washington.

Before this house (the one occupied by Mr. Seward when he was attacked by Payne), for several years afterward, a sentry paced night and day, even when Mr. Seward had moved away and gone out of office. The same building was once used as a club-house, and from it Key had just issued when he was shot by Sickles. This lonely sentry, still at his post long after he had been forgotten at the War Department, and allowed to remain, I suppose, because no one thought it was his duty to relieve him, reminds me of several similar incidents that are related in Washington. The great falls of the Potomac are about sixteen miles above Washington, and during the war there was a station for the collection of provisions for the army on the bank of the canal near these grand cataracts. The road between Washington and Great Falls was several times raided by the Confederates, and a block-house was erected by the Federals at a point three or four miles above Georgetown to prevent parties of rebels from passing up and down the road. At the close of the war the defenses about the capital were one after another deserted, but nobody seems to have remembered the corporal's guard stationed out there on the Aqueduct road, and they remained on duty for a year or two. After they were relieved the block-house was set on fire by tramps or boys, and only a few blackened posts now mark its site. A still more remarkable case was that discovered by Gen. B. F. Butler about ten years ago. He was nosing around among the appropriations one day, when he discovered an officer in the Capitol whose duty he did not understand. He was "watching crypt." An investigation showed that many years ago it was proposed to deposit the bones of Gen. George Washington beneath the Capitol, and a crypt was prepared for that purpose. When it was completed, a public officer was appointed whose duty it was to watch this crypt and prevent its desecration, and there he had been ever since, growing gray in the service, and, while Congress had appropriated money to pay his salary year after year, nobody had thought it worth while to inquire how he earned it.—*Washington Correspondence Press.*

### A Novel Idea.

A farmer in Iowa sends the following novel proposition respecting telephone facilities to the Iowa State Register: "Will not some of those smart patent-right men invent a cheap insulator? Then we can utilize our wire fences for telephones, and have the whole country connected and in speaking distance of each other. At the road crossings insulated cables can be run under ground, or regular poles can be planted to raise the wires above travel. In riding around I notice we have a continuous wire on the fences already. All we need is an insulator, costing a small sum and which is so arranged that the wire can be tightened, and held firmly and securely; and we shall have the line already strung that will do away with a telephone monopoly (if there is one). Then make each post office a telephone exchange, and business for farmers will be expedited, saving many trips to town to order parts of machinery, or to learn if some important letter has arrived. Visiting friends can identify us of their arrival on the train; hasty trips for medical assistance may be done away with, and many things not now thought of."

One of the latest applications of electricity is to the working of a forge hammer, much like a steam hammer in its arrangement.

## DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

THURSDAY EVENING, JAN. 19, 1882.

A WHEELBARROW factory is soon to be started at Portsmouth.

A bill passed by the United States Senate this week provides for a pension for Mrs. Garfield.

DR. SCOTT, of the Ohio House, has a project for a reform naval training schoolship on Lake Erie.

SCOTT county has built and repaired \$24,000 worth of turnpikes and bridges in the last three years.

THE decrease in the value of bread-stuffs exported from this country in 1881, as compared with 1880, is \$51,818,299.

GENERAL GREEN CLAY SMITH has called the Mexican war veterans to meet at Lexington Ky., on the 22d of next February.

SENATOR LOGAN has offered a bill to devote all the revenue derived from the tax on whisky to the purpose of general education.

SENATOR BRUCE, of Lewis, has introduced in the legislature a bill to incorporate the Vanceburg Public School and Academy.

THE Governor of Louisiana has issued a proclamation warning the local authorities to prepare the levees for an expected flood in the Mississippi.

THE following statistics concerning Ohio river commerce are taken from the annual report of Mr. John Ferhenbach, supervising inspector of the seventh district. It is a remarkable showing and speaks well for the Steamboat Inspection service as well as for the officers of the steamers plying on the Ohio: During the year 112 vessels were inspected at Cincinnati, with a tonnage of 35,708.89; 16 vessels were built with a tonnage of 1,659.92, and 7 went out of the service having a tonnage of 2,273.01. During the year there were 36 collisions, destroying property aggregating \$33,450. Fifteen explosions, involving the loss of 36 lives, and property aggregating \$54,200. There were 18 fires, at which 45 lives were lost, and \$211,700 of property destroyed. Twenty-two vessels were lost by striking snags, and 38 were foundered or wrecked. The aggregate number of casualties were 129, in which 86 lives were lost, and property to the extent of \$653,449,000 was destroyed.

In the Seventh Supervising District, which includes the Ohio river and all its tributaries above the mouth of the Kentucky river at Carrollton, Ky., there are 353 steamers, which are owned in the district. The aggregate cost of these steamers was \$6,784,341. During the year ending December 31, 1881, \$494,511 were expended on these boats for repairs, \$275,970 for equipments, \$4,591,998 for running expenses, making a total, including the cost of steamers, of \$12,146,820. These steamers transported during the year 12,448,471 tons of freight, and carried 4,286,614 passengers. Of this vast number of human beings carried not a single person lost his life.

Michael Cowen was run over by a train at Dayton, O., and fatally injured.

James Andrews convicted of the murder of Henry Johnson at Sargent, La., had his death sentence commuted to imprisonment for life.

A part of the city of Chattanooga, Tenn., is under water. The mills along the river have closed and a thousand workmen are thus deprived of employment.

James R. Wilnott, a farmer living two miles from Lancaster, Ky., killed his wife, mother, and two grown daughters with an ax and then hung himself. Wilnott was insane.

## THE ASHLAND MURDER.

Testimony of Wm. Ellis at the Trial.

"I have resided in Kentucky, at Ashland, since May; have been engaged as a laborer at Powell & House's brick yard most of the time; I am acquainted with the prisoner, Neal, also with Craft; we three worked together at the brick-yard; I did not see either of them during the day of December 23d; I saw them late that night; they came to my house and called me; I was in bed and asked what they wanted; Craft told me to get up, they wanted to see me; I did so, put on my clothes and boots and went out to the gate; Craft said, you must go with us. I asked him where. He said to the Gibbons', and we will have some fun; I said it was too late, I won't go; they said I had to go, and Craft drew his revolver; Neal said, bring him along, and we started, when we got inside of the gate at Gibbons', Craft picked up an ax and Neal got a crowbar from under the porch floor; Craft pried up the window and Neal was the first to go in, Craft next; I did not want to go in, but Craft drew his revolver and said come on, and I did so, they took the ax and crowbar in the house with them; we passed through the front room to the second or middle room, where the girls and Robbie were asleep; Craft and Neal went to the bed where the girls were; Craft took hold of Fannie Gibbons and Neal of Emma Thomas. They stifled the girls by putting their hands over their mouths and choking them. The noise awakened Robbie, who was sleeping on a lounge in the same room; Craft, who had choked Fannie Gibbons most to death, left her and struck Robbie in the head with an ax and killed him, and then returned to the bed. Neal dragged Emma Thomas off the bed on the floor, and Craft ordered me to hold Miss Thomas until Neal accomplished his purpose, which I did. After Neal let her go she began to raise up, crying, and said she was going home to tell her mother, Neal said: 'I guess not, and struck her on the head with the crowbar, and she fell back on the floor dead. Craft ordered me to come and help him; I went to the bed and put my hand on Miss Gibbons's shoulder, and Craft outraged her, after which he got up, got the ax and killed her. Craft said to me you have done none of the killing, but you must have some hand in it, and ordered me to get the coal-oil can and pour it over the dead bodies of the girls; I did so and Craft set them on fire, and we left the house; when we got out we separated, I going home; I don't know where they went; I got home about halfpast three o'clock; my wife got up to get breakfast; I lay down, but did not go to sleep; I heard the cry of fire about halfpast five; I was at breakfast; I went to the burning house, but did not stay long. On the following Sunday morning, Craft and I met at the spot where the house was burned, and Craft asked me to take a walk; he began to talk about the affair, and said it must be kept quiet; we met Neal, and we all talked about it; they wanted me to sign a pledge never to tell it; I told them I would think about it; they said I had better do it, and if I did not do so by the next Saturday night they would put an end to me; we separated and I went home, and Neal and Craft went together."

## BY TELEGRAPH.

James Van Camp killed by cars at Ceylon, O.

Ex-Governor Bullock dropped dead at Worcester, Mass.

Hannah Jeffries dropped dead at Fredericktown, Ohio.

The Galt House at Louisville was sold to a new company for \$300,000.

Leo Modock killed by a premature blast in a stone quarry at Port Clinton, O.

Jabez Edwards, aged eighty, a prominent old citizen of Newark, O., is dead.

John Denning fatally injured at Wiliamstown, O., by a tree falling upon him.

The Mississippi Legislature has passed a bill prohibiting prize fighting in Mississippi.

It is said that the Foreign Emigrant Alliance will send no more Jewish emigrants to America.

Ned Hathaway, the noted balloonist, who was recently arrested at Decatur, Ill., for abducting a beautiful girl and marrying her, is now being tried. The girl says she will continue faithful to him even if he is sentenced to ten years.

## RAG-BALL PARTY.

The ladies of the M. E. Church, South, will give a RAG-BALL PARTY at WASHINGTON HALL, NEXT FRIDAY EVENING. The young ladies are hurrying to and fro in search of the old time rag-ball, which in their grand mother's time could be found in any nook of the house. The entertainment promises to be of a most enjoyable character. All are invited. ADMISSION 10 CENTS. Doors open at 7 1/2 P. M.

## NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of GREGORY COX & SON (George Cox & Wm. Cox,) will please make payment without delay. Those having claims against either of the parties will present the same for payment.

Wm. H. COX,  
Surviving Partner of George Cox & Son.

## NEW FIRM.

THE business of the late firm of George Cox & Son will be continued under the same name and style. J. W. H. COX.

## BURGESS & NOLIN, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

## ENTERPRISE BLOCK,

au25ly. MAYSVILLE.

## MONUMENTS

## GRANITE AND MARBLE.

J. A. McCANN,

aug25ly. MAYSVILLE.

## SAMUEL J. DAUGHERTY,

MANUFACTURER OF

## MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

SECOND ST., OPPOSITE MYALL & RILEY'S,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.

FREESTONE PAVEMENTS and all kinds of  
BUILDING STONE ON HAND. Jan. 30.

## YOUNG & SMITH,

## BUYERS and SELLERS

—OF—

## COUNTRY PRODUCE,

No. 24 E. Market St., Maysville, Ky.

Having rented the storehouse lately occupied by B. F. Thomas, we will pay the highest price at all times for eggs, butter, feathers, poultry, &c. Also, a well

## Selected Line of GROCERIES,

kept to suit either country or city trade. Give us a call and we will endeavor to suit you in price and quality.

YOUNG & SMITH.

## Union Insurance Co.

OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Incorporated 1804. Cash capital, \$500,000.  
M. F. MARSH, Agent.  
No. 12 Court street.

## Tobacco Land To Rent.

WANTED to rent on the shares, about 35 Acres Tobacco Land, none need apply except those with the best of references. For particulars address: J. A. HUMPHREYS,  
R. R. GEORGE,  
J. 1431 W. Versailles, Woodford County, Ky.

\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and \$6  
outfit free. Address H. HALLATT & Co.  
Portland, Me.

## GARRETT S. WALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW and County Judge,

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE, MAYSVILLE, KY.  
Will practice in Circuit Courts of Mason and adjoining Counties and Court of Appeals.  
July 12, 1877-ly

## E. L. WORTHINGTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OFFICE—COURT STREET.

march 11, 1880. MAYSVILLE, KY.

## M. F. MARSH.

## ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Examiner for Mason County and Real Estate and Insurance Agent. Special attention given to collections. Office Court street, Maysville, Ky.

## COONS & SALLEE,

## ATTORNEYS AT LAW

And Examiners for Mason County,  
MAYSVILLE, KY.,  
Will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Remittances made promptly.  
Office—Third Street near Courthouse. July 14

## NEW MARBLE YARD.

We respectfully announce to the public that we have opened a marble yard on Second street, above Yancey & Alexander's stable, and are prepared to furnish Monuments, Tomb Stones, Freestone, Pavements, and building work of all kinds, promptly on short notice, maryl-ly

COOK & CLARK.

## D. R. W. S. MOORES, Dentist.

FULL SET OF TEETH \$10.  
TEETH drawn by SPRAY. Office old stand. Second street, may26-ly.

## T. H. N. SMITH, DENTIST.

COURT STREET, - MAYSVILLE, KY,

Gas used in the extraction of teeth; dt

## D. E. ROBERTS & CO., PROPRIETORS,

LIMESTONE MILLS, - - - Maysville, Ky.

MAYSVILLE and Limestone and High Grade Patent Process Flour, Middlings, Shipstuffs and Bran on hand at all times.

Highest price paid for Wheat. July8-ly

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

CAPITAL STOCK \$210,000.

JAMES M. MITCHELL, THOMAS WELLS  
PRESIDENT. CASHIER.

sept2. MAYSVILLE, KY.

## F. L. TRAYSER,

## PIANO MANUFACTURER

Front St., 4 doors west of Hill House.

Grand, Upright and Square Pianos, also the best make of Organs at lowest manufacturer's prices; Tuning and Repairing.

nl7.

## CASH STORE!

NESBITT & MCKRELL,

No. 20 SUTTON STREET, - - - Maysville, Ky.

SPLENDID new stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods bought at bottom prices for cash.

Lowest prices is our business motto.

July8-ly. NESBITT & MCKRELL.

## FRANK HAUCKE,

## HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

glazier, paper hanger, &c., Second street, opposite pork house. Will give prompt attention to all work in my line, and ask but a reasonable price.

nl7.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$5 free. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.



### Discovery of Gold in California.

The accounts vary slightly as to the time when gold was first discovered in California, but the most of them agree that the first find was made on the property of Sutter, in El Dorado County. Some claim the discovery was made in the month of February, 1848, while others date it a month earlier. An account, which is substantially correct, was published in the *San Fran* *Chronicler* some time since, about as follows:

"On January 19, 1848, John W. Marshall was building a mill for himself and Sutter on the south fork of the American River, fifty-four miles east of Sutter's Fort. This mill, it was expected, would supply the ranches and settlements with pine lumber.

"On this particular morning Marshall picked up from the bed-rock, of the race of the mill a small piece of yellow metal, which weighed about seventeen grains. It was malleable, heavier than silver, and in all respects resembled gold.

"Marshall showed the piece, in the afternoon, to those who were working at the mill. The result of the discussion which ensued was that the idea was rejected as to the gold theory. Marshall, however, was not satisfied, and afterward tested it with nitric acid, and found it was actually gold.

"He discovered pieces like it in all the surrounding gulches wherever he dug for it. The news of the discovery soon spread, and in April reports of the find were published. Sutter's mill became the district of attraction, which afterward was named Coloma, or Columbia, from a tribe of Indians who lived in the neighborhood.

"The prospectors from there scattered in all directions, and by the month of June the discoveries had extended to all the forks of the American, Weber Creek, Hangtown Creek, the Cosumnes, the Mokelumne, Tuolumne, the Yuba, and Father River, and the news had gone almost to the ends of the earth."

### A Confidence Dodge Played on the Western Coast.

Of the many tricks of those who live by their wits to take in the unwary, the "gold nugget pin dodge" is the most successful. This oft-practiced game was played upon a citizen who has often prided himself as being "no fool."

As he was passing the Baldwin Hotel, he saw a seedy, semi-respectable-looking party, who was walking a few steps ahead of him, stop, and, stooping, appear to pick up something bright, which, when held up to the light, was seen by the citizen to be a nugget pin, evidently solid gold, and weighing fully an ounce.

"What a lucky find!" remarked the overjoyed stranger to the citizen, as he gleefully held it up for the latter's inspection. "It's worth considerable," continued he, and it's a wind-fall to me, for I'm dead broke. I wish I could sell it."

"What do you want for it?" asked the unsuspecting victim, who thought he scented a chance to turn an honest penny by a neat business.

"Well, I don't know what it's worth. I wish there was a pawnshop open. Give me ten dollars and you can have it."

"Ten dollars for a \$20 nugget; too much," thought the victim, and then "Can't do it," remarked he aloud.

"Well, I am hard up. Now, what will you give?" persevered the stranger, who appeared to hesitate to take less. The shrewd citizen finally secured the pin for \$4.50, only to find when he had the purchase examined that it was a good imitation of gold, but being only made of brass, it was not worth as much as he paid for it by \$4.49. The victim has cut another eye-tooth, and now declares that he would not buy a gold mine at any price from a stranger.—*San Francisco Post*.

It is appropriate to refer to the spanker boom when a whole primary school is whipped for some general misdeavor.

PROFESSIONAL trappers in Maine sell furs of the value of much more than \$100,000 a year.

If from any cause you feel irritable try the harder to do pleasant things.

## New York Weekly Herald

### ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

The circulation of this popular newspaper is constantly increasing. It contains all the leading news of the Daily Herald and is arranged in handy departments. The

#### FOREIGN NEWS

embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe. Under the head of

#### AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraph dispatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This feature above makes

#### THE WEEKLY HERALD

the most valuable chronicle in the world, as it is the cheapest. Every week is given a faithful report of

#### POLITICAL NEWS

embracing complete and comprehensive dispatches from Washington, including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the questions of the hour.

#### THE FAIR DEPARTMENT

of the Weekly Herald gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, how to raise cattle, poultry, grain, trees, vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping buildings and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well-edited department widely copied, under the head of

#### THE HOME

giving recipes for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Every item of cooking or economy suggested in this department is practically tested by experts before publication. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latest fashions. The Home Department of the Weekly Herald will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper. The interest of

#### SKILLED LABOR

are looked after, and everything relating to mechanics and labor is carefully recorded. There is a page devoted to the all the latest phase of the business markets, Crops, merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of the

#### PRODUCE MARKET.

Sporting News at home and abroad, together with a Story every week, a Sermon by some eminent divine, Literary, Musical, Dramatic, Personal and Sea Notes. There is no paper in world which contains so much news matter every week as the Weekly Herald, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You can subscribe at any time.

The New York Herald in a weekly form, One Dollar a year. Address,

NEW YORK HERALD,  
112 Broadway and Ann Street New York.

#### NEW FIRM!



## YAGO & BEASLY,

Manufacturers of First Class

## Carriages & Buggies

of the latest style and best workmanship, (all of the latest style Side Bar Springs). Also, Spring Wagons. Repairing done with dispatch.

WALL STREET, next door to PEARCE BROS.  
Jan. 30, 1859. MASNILLE, KY.

Master Commissioner.

MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

G. W. Hicks, Adm. Plaintiffs

vs. Order. Defendants

G. W. Hicks, heirs, &c.

The creditors of G. W. Hicks, deceased, will produce their claims against the estate of deceased and prove them before me at my office in the court house on or before January 28, 1852.

GARRET'S WALL, Master Commissioner.

J. B. W.

Master Commissioner.

MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

Collins, Rudy & Co. Plaintiffs

vs. Order. Defendants

James H. Hill, Sr., et al.

By virtue of an order in the above action, all the creditors of the Building Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church—known as Mitchell's Chapel—are notified to present their claims at my office at Court House, Maysville, Ky., on or before January 20th, 1852.

GARRET'S WALL, Master Commissioner.

J. B. W.

Master Commissioner.

MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

Susan H. Gilmore, Plaintiffs

vs. Order.

Louisa Gilmore et al.

In pursuance of an order in the above action

all the creditors of Hugh Gilmore, will appear

before me at my office in the Court House and

present and prove their claims by the 20th day

of January, 1852. GARRET'S WALL, Master Com. M. C. C.

J. B. W.

Master Commissioner.

MASON CIRCUIT COURT.

Susan H. Gilmore, Plaintiffs

vs. Order.

Louisa Gilmore et al.

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present and prove their claims by the 20th day

of January, 1852. GARRET'S WALL, Master Com. M. C. C.

J. B. W.

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Susan H. Gilmore, Plaintiffs

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